## CS 70 FALL 2007 — DISCUSSION #8

ASSANE GUEYE, LUQMAN HODGKINSON, AND VAHAB POURNAGHSHBAND

## 1. Probability

**Exercise 1.** There are 4 different coins in a box. The probability of Heads when flipping the *i*-th coin is 1/i for  $1 \le i \le 4$ . A coin is selected from the box randomly, and gets tossed until a Head appears.

- (1) Write down a probability space for the experiment.
- (2) Verify that the sum of the probabilities of the sample points is 1.

**Exercise 2.** Which is more likely: rolling a total of 9 when two dice are rolled or rolling a total of 9 when three dice are rolled?

**Exercise 3.** A box contains tickets numbers 1, 2, ..., N. m tickets are drawn with replacement. What is the probability that the largest number drawn is k?

Not Rule. 
$$Pr(\overline{E}) = 1 - Pr(E)$$

Exercise 4. What is the probability of a head appearing when tossing a fair coin five times.

Inclusion/Exclusion Theorem. 
$$Pr(E \cup F) = Pr(E) + Pr(F) - Pr(E \cap F)$$

**Exercise 5.** A card is drawn randomly from a deck of ordinary playing cards. You win \$ 10 if the card is a spade or an ace. What is the probability that you will win the game?

Conditional Probability. 
$$\Pr\left(E\mid F\right) = \frac{\Pr(E\cap F)}{\Pr(F)}$$

Exercise 6. A fair coin is tossed twice.

- (1) What is the probability of getting two heads?
- (2) What is the probability of getting two heads given that the first time tail appeared?
- (3) What is the probability of getting two heads given that the first time head appeared?

**Independence.** 
$$Pr(F \cap E) = Pr(F) Pr(E)$$

**Exercise 7.** Suppose A and B are independent events from a sample space. Prove or disprove:

- (1)  $\overline{A}$  and  $\overline{B}$  are necessarily independent.
- (2) A and  $\overline{B}$  are necessarily independent.

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